THE CAUCASIAN.

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IN A NEW BUSINESS

The Warlike Czar of Russia Again Sponsor For Universal Peace

THE ONLY ORIGINAL PEACEMAKER

Said to be a Perfect Understanding Between the Czar and President Roosevelt About Calling of the Hague Tribunal.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—Emperor Nicholas again appears before the world as a promoter of universal peace. No sooner is the Russo-Japanese war is over, and even before the peace treaty has been ratified, than his majesty issues invitations to a second peace conference at The Hague.

That the Emperor has done so was learned from a source which leaves no shadow of doubt as to its authenticity. It is officially announced that "the Russian government proposes to address the foreign powers with a view to the holding of a second peace conference at The Hague," but it is known that negotiations preceding this announcement "proposed to address the powers" were entered into especially with the United States and were conducted with the greatest secrecy, there being not the slightest inkling that Russia contemplated anything of the kind.

The announcement created the greatest surprise here, and that Russia should plan a second conference despite the steps already taken by President Roosevelt, was also held with amazement. It is clear that the step could not be taken by Russia without first reaching a complete understanding with President Roosevelt.

The fact that President Roosevelt is reported as being entirely in sympathy with the proposed conference, and that he is said to believe that to the initiator of the first Hague conference should belong the honor of convoking the second, and readily and even gladly acceded to the Russian proposal, is clear proof that the conference has already been called and that President Roosevelt relinquished his part in it to the Emperor.

There is strong reason to believe that the news of the intention of the Russian government would not be given out unless invitations had already been sent to the power, and possibly that their answers had been received.

It is impossible to learn the proposed date of the second conference, or to gain even an approximate idea regarding it; but it probably will not be greatly delayed. Russia, as the power convoking the conference, will probably submit an official program, the other powers submitting suggestions.

British Fleet Visit Not Off.

London, By Cable.—The report from Halifax that the visit of the British squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Prince Louis, of Battenberg, to the United States, has been abandoned, is erroneous. It has been found that it will be more convenient for all concerned to postpone the visit, and the squadron, therefore, will remain at Halifax until October 29 and arrive at Annapolis November 1. Thence the British warships will go to New York. The actual date of the arrival there is not yet fixed. The squadron will leave New York November 15 for Gibraltar.

Hearing Postponed.

Atlanta, Special.—The hearing Monday on the petition for an injunction by the State board of health against the Atlanta city health officers to prestate quarantine before a Judge Pendleton, was continued until Tuesday. The trial of Frank Meadow and Thomas Lynch, the two health officers arrested by the city authorities will not be had until the injunction case is settled.

40,000 Scots Under Arms.

Edinburgh, Scotland, By Cable.—The greatest muster of Scotchmen under arms since the battle of Flodden Field was reviewed by King Edward here Monday. The King proceeded to Holyrood Palace, whence, attended by the Duke of Cannaught and a brilliant staff, he rode to the parade ground in King's Park, where nearly 40,000 Scottish volunteers marched past his majesty.

To Sue Publishers.

Montgomery, Ala., Special.—On account of an alleged default of their contracts, Governor Jelks, chairman of the State text book committee, has instructed Attorney General Wilson to bring suits for damages against the several publishing companies who have agreed to furnish the books for the public schools of Alabama. As the attorney general is absent from the city, the amount to be claimed from the publishers will not be known for a day or two. His judgment will be depended on after he has thoroughly examed each of the contracts.

Mistrial in Potter Case.

Sandersville, Ga., Special.—After being out three days, the jury in the case of Maro S. Potter, the former cashier of the Bank of Davisboro, who was indicted and placed on trial here for the embezzlement of $27,000 Monday morning reported to the court its inability to reach an agreement, and a mistrial was declared. A mistrial had been generally expected. The case had been hard fought by a large army of counsel on either side.

NORTH CAROLINA CROP BULLETIN

Weather Conditions Given Out by the Department Observer.

The North Caroline section of the climate and crop service of the Department of Agriculture issues the following official bulletin of weather and crop conditions for the past week:

The weather for the past week was characterized by warm days and cool nights; but the mean temperature for the week has been about normal. The only rain of any consequence fell on the 13th and 17th and was very beneficial to all crops. The weather in general has been very favorable for picking cotton, saving fodder, meadow and pea vine hay. Farmers in all parts of the State have been ready to plow land for fall planting but the ground has been too dry in most places; in some few places, however, some wheat, rye and oats have been sown.

There has been no improvement in the cotton crop during the past week. The warm, dry weather caused it to open rapidly, and in some places prematurely. The crop will nowhere be more than fair, and in places it will be very light. It is generally reported that there will be no top crop owing to shedding; many correspondents state that the bolls are small and the lint short; in south-central counties and in the extreme northeastern portion the bolls are opening prematurely, owing ao rust; army worms are doing considerable damage to late cotton in Beaufort, Craven, Jones and Duplin counties.

Tobacco curing is completed in the eastern portion of the State. In the central district the crop is reported improved and in good condition, except in Rockingham county where some tobacco is badly burnt and spected; cutting and curing is in progress and the tobacco is curing well; the color and texture are good, but the leaf light weight. In the western portion some slight damage by worms is reported.

Corn improved during the past week, but late corn in some places suffered from drought, and some correspondents report that it will not mature; a poor crop is expected in the eastern, while the prospects are for good crops in the western and central portions. Fodder has been about all secured in the eastern and central districts; in the west cutting is in progress. The saving of pea vine hay is under way and good yields are being secured. Clover was benefitted by the rains and is looking good.

White potatoes have improved and digging is in progress in the west; sweet potatoes are doing well and a good crop is promised. Peanuts, turnips and beans are generally reported good; cabbages are poor; the sorghum crop is in goood condition and in places molasses making is under way. The buckwheat crop will be good.

Apples are reported good in some of the western counties, but there is complaint of dropping and of dry rot. Pastures are fair.

The following rains have been reported: Raleigh, 0.10; Goldsboro, 1.12; Greensboro, 0.22; Lumberton, 0.56; Newbern, 3.88; Weldon, 1.18.—A. H. Thiessen, Section Director.

Books For State Library.

A circular letter, signed by a committee composed of Chief Justice Walter Clark, Supt. J. Y. Joyner, State Librarian M. O. Sherrill, City Supt. E. P. Moses and Prof. D. H. Hill, has been issued. It reads:

"The trustees of the state library have appointed the undersigned a committee to recommend books for that library. In addition to what has already been done, we desire to make the North Carolina section of the library entirely complete by securing for it a copy of every book and pamphlet bearing upon North Carolina, and also a copy of every book or pamphlet ever written by a North Carolinean. If these can be added, our commonwealth will have an invaluable reference library for state and national history. As we feel sure of your sympathy and aid in this important work, we make the following requests: First, that you send to the state library, Raleigh, N. C., the names and publisher's prices of any books that you have written. Second, that you send copies of any pamphlet or essays that you have written; also copies of any printed address, lecture or oration that you have delivered. We desire to index and bind these If you have no copies will you indicate where they may be found. Third, that you send the names of any valuable books, pamphlets, or documents of any kind written by authors now dead."

Tar Heel Notes.

The piers for the Raleigh and Southpoint Railroad bridge across the Cape Fear River at Lillington have been finished and four car loads of steel have arrived. President Jno. A. Mills thinks that, barring any accident or unforseen delay, trains will be running into Lillington within the next sixty days.

VESSELS SHOT INTO

American Fishermen Trespassing in Cannadian Territory

HIT THIRTEEN TIMES IN FLEEING

American Fishing Steamer Has Exciting Experience With Cannadian Cruiser Vigilant.

Erie, Pa., Special.—The fourth of the fish tug incidents of the past week took place in mid-Lake Erie when the Canadian cruiser Vigilant riddled the big steam tug Harry G. Barnhart with small shells from the rifle on the patrol boat. Captain Nick Fassel, of the tug, admitted after he escaped that the Vigilant could have sent her to the bottom if Captain Dunn had so desired.

They ran more than eight miles under full head before they crossed the boundary line and escaped from the Canadians. More than thirty shots struck the vessel, and of those 15 of the small shells landed with telling effect on the upper parts, so that the boat careened to one side with the mass of wreckage when she came into port. Having been used formerly for a pleasure steamer, the Barnhurst is of a large size and well fitted with steam equipment. The fireman, Magnus Johnson, faited in the hold from over-exertion is keeping the steamer going ahead. He was reported killed, but revived after reaching shore. The fishermen were cut in the fact by splinters shot away by the bullets.

The Barnhurst, according to Captain Fassel, was about five miles over the line drawing nets when the Vigilant appeared. The other Erie tugs, the Alma, Valiant and the Boyd, were closer to the line and ran away when the chase started. Captain Dunn ordered the Barnhurst to stop, but instead of doing so, Captain Fassel put on full steam and started for the line. He took a southwesterly direction and could not be headed off by the Vigilant.

It has become quite the custom for the Erie fishermen to cross the line regardless of strict orders from the companies employing them, and having exciting brushes with the Vigilance. They never think of surrender when there is a chance to run away. The Barnhurst lost a large quantity of nets.

Taft Leaves For Home.

Yokahama, By Cable—Secretary of War Taft and party sailed at 3:00 o'clock Sunday afternoon for San Francisco on the steamer Korea, amid Japanese enthusiasm. A reception was given at the American consulate by Japanese merchants. Before sailing Secretary Taft said he thought the reports of the Japanese anti-peace demonstrations had been greatly exaggerated in America. He and his party had traveled all through Japan and had found no trace of any anti-foreign feeling. While prominent Americans had been involved in a Tokio mob, he thought it was because the American party was caught in the mob, and not because they were Americans. Other churches besides American churches had been burned. There was several special reasons in each case, but no general anti-foreign feeling was responsible.

Secretary Taft said that he had examined the Chinese boycott closely. The Chinese, he said, wanted American goods, and having already lost $15,000,000 by the boycott, were finding out that they were cutting off their noses to spite their faces.

Miss Alice Roosevelt will return home on the steamer Siberia.

The local situation continues quiet.

Record Entry Closed.

Lexington, Ky., Special.—The entry list, which has closed, was received by the Kentucky Breeders' Association for the big Lexington meeting of October 3 to 14, includes 374 horses for 20 purses. These added to those kept in the stakes, brings the total entry up to 628 horses and breaks the record for entries on American trotting tracks, established by the Lexington Association in 1898 by nearly 700 animals.

All Now Quiet.

Christiana, By Cable.—Peace between Sweden and Norway being assured, a quiet feeling prevails here. News from Karlstadt, however, is still awaited with the keenest interest, and there is anxiety to learn the details of the compromise. The press is unanimous in hoping for a speedy settlement of the questions. There is some misgivings entertained that peace may have been bought too early, but all the newspapers express relief that peace has been secured, providing it is on an enduring basis.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

Piconning, Mich., Special.—By the explosion of an alleged defective boiler in the stave mill of Edward Jennings here five men were killed and 8 or 10 injured.

Thirty men were at work in the mill when the explosion occurred. The concussion was so terrible that windows were broken a mile from the mill. The bodies of the five men killed were badly mangled. None of the injured are thought to be dangerously injured.

NORTH STATE NEWS

Many Newsy Items Gathered From all Sections.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

These figures represent prices paid to wagons:

Good middling	10.00
Strict middling	10.0
Middling	10.00
Tinges	9 to 10
Stains	7 to 9

General Cotton Market.

Galveston, firm	10 3-16
New Orleans, firm	10⅛
Mobile, steady	10
Savannah, steady	10
Charleston, firm	10
Wilmington, steady	10¼
Norfolk, steady	10⅜
Baltimore, nominal	10⅝
New York, quiet	10.90
Boston, quiet	10.0
Philadelphia, steady	11.15
Houston, steady	10 3-16
Augusta, steady	10¼
Memphis, quiet	10⅛
St Louis, quiet	10¼
Louisville, firm	10½

Bank of Warren Organized.

Warrenton, Special.—The Bank of Warren was organized with a capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, to do a commercial and saving business. The officers are: Tasker Polk, President; M. J. Hawkins, Vice-President; C. N. Williams, Jr., Cashier. Directors: M. J. Hawkins, Thomas Gresham, J. M. Coleman, P. R. Perkinson, C. N. Williams, Jr., J. A. Dameron, Dr. P. J. Macon, W. S. Terrell, Tasker Polk and R. B. Davis. The bank will open for business November 1st.

Tar Heel Notes.

Thursday afternoon in the office of the Standard Chair Company, of Thomasville, was organized one of the strongest and most effectual chair association ever consummated in the State, or the entire South. Owing to the great increase of labor and all material required in the construction of chairs, practieally all the factories in the State are making double caneseat chairs and open cane-seat representatives to Thomasville yesterday and organized the North Carolina Chair Association, with Mr. E. S. Lambeth, of Thomasville, as president; Mr. O. E. Mendenhall, of Lexington, as first vice president; Mr. S. L. Davis, of High Point, as second vice president; Mr. S. H. Tomlinson, of High Point, as secretary and treasurer.

On Thursday a beautiful monument to the Confederate soldiers was unveiled at Lexington. The monument stands 22 feet high and was built by the Carolina Marble Company, of Lexington, at a cost of $2,025. On top of the marble column is a bronze figure of a Confederate soldier six feet in height, in full uniform and with musket at ready arms. The base and shaft of the monument are of Vermont Barry Granite. On the shaft is carved a Confederate flag, and on the sides of the base appear carvings of drum-sticks, an anchor, cross-arms and swords. Besides these symbols, the monument is inceribed on one side: "Our Confederate Dead." "Erected by the Robert E. Lee Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy, September, 1905."

A railroad track, about a quarter of a mile in length, has been laid from the depot at Moncure to Deep River, on which will be handled the heavy machinery that is to be used in the construction of the electric power at the Buckhorn dam. Some pieces of this machinery will weigh over 30,000 pounds.

The State pension board, in dividing the $275,000, pension money, gives the same allowance to first, second and third class pensioners and $18 to fourth class and widows, which is an increase of four dollars for them.

The annual convention of the A. M. E. Zion church was held in Charlotte last week, and was largely attended.

Charters were granted the Cox Lumber Company, of Ashboro, to manufacture sash, doors and blinds, capital $25,000, incorporators, C. L. Cox, W. L. Ward, J. R. Ward; the Taylor Mattress Company, of Salisbury, capital $25,000, incorporators, R. B. Thompson, B. H. Hamilton, and C. A. Taylor.

A charter is granted the Piedmont Telephone Company of Lexington, with $10,000 capital.

There is talk of a $100,000 cotton mill at Statesville.

Gov. Glenn and party have had a great time in the north.

The investigation into the death of the patient Nall, formerly an inmate of the State hospital for the insane at Raleigh, which aroused a good deal of interest, developed the fact that he died from abnormal heart dilation. Thus the guards and attendants who had been under suspicion of foul play were exhonorated.

Asheville will soon begin the erection of a ten million dollar tank to hold water for the city's supply.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

President Roosevelt and the Powerful Enemies of the Great Canal—The Maryland Nigger in the Wood Pile—Senator Simmons and Governor Glenn Ought to go to Maryland Where They Can Cry "Nigger" Again—The Revenue Frauds in North Carolina and Who Are the Real Guilty Parties—The Black Record of Democratic Officers Under the Watts Law.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 18, 1905. Special to the Caucasian.

Washington has decided to give President Roosevelt a hearty reception upon his return to the White House about two weeks hence. There will be no attempt at formal display, all will be a simple national outpouring of the people, who will wave flags and cheer the President in their own natural and enthusiastic way. He will be cheered and honored not because he is President, but Because he is Theodore Roosevelt.

Isthmian Canal Difficulties.

The enemies of an inter-oceanic canal are powerful and were on the alert. They succeeded in defeating the Nicaraguan route with the Panama route. They do not want any canal, but they need the latter to heal the former route, because they believed the Panama route more expensive and difficult, if not next to impossible. But they did not reckon upon such a man as Roosevelt becoming president. His courage and determination is sweeping each day aside the almost unsurmountable difficulties and it seems that he will succeed.

No section of the whole world is more interested in this greatest of human undertakings than are the Southern States.

The same mighty influences that oppose the canal are also opposing the president's efforts to have a law passed to regulate railroads. The whole South should stand solidly and enthusiastically behind the President in both great undertakings.

The Maryland "Nigger in the Wood Pile."

A disgusting "nigger" campaign is just opening in Maryland. The Democratic machine of that State has thrived and held office since the war, just as they have done in North Carolina, with the "nigger" as their talesman—their rabbit's foot. They know nothing but to yell "Nigger Domination" for campaign argument, and then when the election comes, they count the nigger votes for the Democrats, just as the dishonest machine has done in North Carolina.

The "Nigger" with "a grand father clause" constitutional amendment added on the democratic slogan for the present campaign.

New Fuel For the Race Hatred Campaign.

The nigger domination cry has about lost its force in Maryland. But fortunately for the Maryland machine men of the Simmons type, new fuel has been added to their dirty flame. The other day a negro—a big, black husky Negro, (it is always one of that kind) entered a restaurant and kissed a white waitress. The Negro says that he did it for money—that some one wagered him so much money that he would not do it, and that he did it to get the money, but no matter how or why this occurred, the Democratic machine has seized upon this occurrence as the most important argument of the campaign. They really seem jubilant that they have gotten a real live campaign issue.

How jealous this must make Simmons and his neighbors.

Mr. Simmons and his machine promised the people solemnly that if they were given the offices that they would never cry "nigger" again. But in the last campaign Mr. Simmons and his machine men, being incapable of using any other argument, could not resist the temptation to follow their two old habits, first, to break their promise, and next to cry "Booker Washington."

The people rebuked him by giving Roosevelt eight thousand majority more than the rest of the ticket.

Mr. Simmons and Governor Glenn ought to go to Maryland in this campaign. It may be their last chance. But we expect to see the good people of the State rebuke the machine as bad as they did Mr. Simmons in North Carolina in the last campaign.

The N. C. Revenue Frauds.

It is clear that the administration is after rottenness and corruption wherever it exists. The dishonest revenue officials will be given the full limit of the law. The administration will purify this service just as it has purified the frauds in the postoffice department, the agricultural department and in the land office.

In the great army of employes under the government there will always creep in more or less dishonest men. It is to the credit of an administration that will promptly detect such persons and drive them from the service and place them in prison where they belong. An administration that fails to do this, is, to say the least, incompetent.

The defrauding of the government by illicit whiskey distillers can never be stopped, until every dishonest revenue officer who winks at and encourages such fraud for personal gain is detected and punished.

Who is to Blame?

It is safe to say that not half of the distillers who have been defrauding the government, would never have commenced it, if they had not been encouraged to do so by dishonest government officials, and it would be well for the government to give some attention in which government officials have tried to unearth this rascality, and which ones (if any) have tried to cover it up.

A Black Record For Democratic Officials Under the Watts Law.

But as much rottenness and fraud as has been exposed among certain revenue officers in North Carolina, yet it is extremely probable that these incompetent officials have done more to enforce the Watts State law than have the Democratic State officials. What a black record this leaves for the Democratic officeials who have not enforced the Wats State liquor law.

THE YELLOW FEVER STATUS

A Good Many New Cases Developing at Different Points.

New Orleans, Special.—Official report to 6 p. m.:

New cases, 49; total to date, 2,465.

Deaths, 6; total to date, 329.

New foci, 15.

Cases under treatment, 316. Discharged, 1,817.

There was nothing new in the local situation beyond the increase in number of new cases and deaths. There were really seven yellow fever deaths, but one of them does not appear on the record. It is the case of an Italian, who, in the delirium of his fever, secured a revolver and blew his brains out.

In the country, the situation in Tallulah is improving under the management of Drs. Chassaignac and Von Ezdorf. The people there have asked the State board of health that Dr. Chassignac be assigned to remain there and conduct the campaign to the end. This has been referred to Dr. Chassignac, who will determine later what his course will be. Among other country reports were:

Patterson, 20 cases, 2 deaths; Kenner 8 cases, 2 deaths; Clarke Chenier, one death; Bowick, one death.

Four More Cases at Pensacola.

Pensacola, Fla., Special.—Two deaths and four new cases is the report officially announced at the board of health headquarters, all of the new cases being in the infected area. The first man to die was H. D. Brooks, a draughtsman, who came here several weeks since to take a position in an abstract office. He had been sick five days, but during the first period of sickness refused to take medicines prescribed. On account of objections made by Governor Jelks, of Alabama, the Marine Hospital Service camp, which was to have been established near the Alabama line, has been abandoned. It will be located at another point.

Mississippi Fever Summary.

Jackson, Miss., Special.—The Mississippi yellow fever summary for the past 24 hours is as follows:

Soria City, a suburb of Gulfport, one case discovered by Surgeon Waslin.

Mississippi City, one new case.

Vicksburg, two new cases.

No new cases developed at Gulf Port, nor did Natchez, Pearlington nor Hamburg report any new cases during the day or any deaths at any time of the infected points. Surgeon Lavender reports that the sickness at Kemp's Landing, Va., is not yellow fever.

No New Cases at Natches.

Natchez, Miss., Special.—Not even a suspicious case of yellow fever was reported. Six patients are under treatment. Drs. Lavinder, Aikman and Sessions, who went to Kemps, La., today to diagnose five cases at that place, reported that they are not even suspicious.

Vicksburg, Miss., Special.—Two new cases of yellow fever in Vicksburg. Total cases to date, 28; deaths 3. Seven patients are under treatment now.

Patent Medicine Decision.

Washington, Special.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has rendered a decision that will seriously affect a number of patent medicines composed largely of distilled liquors. He has reversed a ruling of his Department made many years ago and now decides that the manufacturers of these medicines must take out licenses as rectifiers and liquor dealers and the druggists and others handling them will have to pay the usual retail liquor dealers' licenses. The commissioner, in a letter of instruction to collectors of internal revenue, says that there are a number of compounds on the market going under posed chiefly of distilled spirits, with the names of medicines that are comout the addition of drugs or medicines in sufficient quantities to change materially the character of the whiskey.

Farmers in National Council.

Richmond, Va., Special.—The Farmers' National Congress met in its 25th annual session here with a large audience in attendance, representing almost every section of the United States. The body was called to order by its president, Harvie Jordan, of Monticello, Ga., and was welcomed to Virginia and Richmond by Governor Montague, Mayor McCarthy and J. C. Freeman, vice president of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce. Responses to the welcoming addresses were made on behalf of the congress by First Vice President Bennehan Cameron, of North Carolina, and Second Vice President Joshua Strange, of Marion, Ind.

MADE LARGE GIFTS

The New York Life Insurance Company's Political Contributions

WAS AFRAID OF THE DEMOCRATS

George W. Perkins, Insurance Company's First Vice-President and Member of the Firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., Divulges the Meaning of a Check Made to Morgan & Co. Last Year.

New York, Special.—George W Perkins, member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., and first vice president of the New York Life Insurance Company, was the star witness at Friday's session of the special legislative committee probing life insurance company methods, and his testimony was replete with revelations in finance as applied by insurance companies.

Mr. Perkins was first called just previous to the hour for luncheon. He resumed immediately after the recess and was on the stand when adjournment was taken for the day.

The climax of the day came when Mr. Perkins was asked concerning an entry of $48,702 in a ledger, marked "Ordered paid by the President." Mr. Randolph, the treasurer of the New York Life Company, who had been on the stand earlier in the day, had been sharply questioned as to the purport of this entry, but he was unable to explain it. He thought no one but the president could. Mr. Perkins had been called to testify as to some other transactions and after a recess he was asked to produce the check. It was made out payable to J. P. Morgan & Co., and Mr. Perkins frankly stated it was a contribution to the national Republican campaign committee and had been paid to Cornelius N. Bliss. Mr. Perkins said.

"This payment was made after very careful deliberation. It must not be considered an ordinary contribution to the campaign fund. It was paid because we felt that the assets of the New York Life Insurance Company would be jeopardized by a Democratic success."

Mr. Perkins said contributions were also made in 1900 and 1896. As an illustration, witness said the first contribution made was in 1896, by President McCall, who is a Democrat. "He contributed money to the McKinley campaign fund and voted for McKinley because he felt it was in the best interests of the policy-holders of his company." This bomb caused a murmur of conversation about the room, which had become packed with spectators. Standing room was at a premium, and everyone bent forward to catch the testimony. This was hardly necessary, for Mr. Perkins spoke distinctly, in a voice audible throughout the school room. He paced the small platform upon which the witness chair is placed, just before the committee's rostrum, and accompanied his explanations with earnest gestures, often times suggesting questions to the counsel.

Pursuing the check inquiry further, Mr. Hughes brought out that this expenditure was never brought to the attention of the finance committee, the witness terming it a "purely executive action." It was charged against cash on the books of the Hanover aBnk office or financial department. The witness did not know on what account the other contributions were made, but he would furnish data.

Mr. Perkins here interposed: "I would like to make one statement. The fact that the check is drawn to J. P. Morgan & Co. has no significance. I paid out the money and it was merely because of a convenience of re-payment that the check was made payable to J. P. Morgan & Co."

"What other contributions to political campaign funds have been made by the New York Life?"

"Is there no self-restraint allowed the officers in these campaign contributions?"

"None; to my knowledge."

Purchasers Announced.

Norfolk, Va., Special.—An announcement was made of the purchase of the Pamlico, Oriental & Western Railroad, running from Bayboro to Newbern, N. C., by the interests in control of the Virginia & Carolina Railway, which is to run a line from Norfolk to Beaufort, N. C., through the lumber section of North Carolina. This line will be used as a branch of the main line to Newbern for additional terminals at that port.

Accident to North Carolina Party.

Wichendon, Mass., Special.—An automobile containing members of the party accompanying Governor Glenn, of North Carolina, plunged over a bridge on the road to Royalton here and landed at the bottom of a ditch, pinioning the occupants underneath.

The injured are:

J. C. McNeill, of The Charlotte Observer, badly cut about the head.

Guy Townsend, of Wichendon, seriously hurt.

Selectman Henry N. Raymond, of Wichendon, head cut and bruised.

Owen Hoban, lawyer, of Wichendon, knee injured and back sprained.

Chinese Bride in Norfolk.

Norfolk, Special.—H. J. Goon has returned from New York bringing a 17-year-old bride who had just arrived from China Sunday. She is the only Chinese woman here and Goon, who is a laundryman in Cumberland street, keeps her hidden, according to the Chinese custom. She is pretty and Goon is proud.

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THE FLIGHT OF CONSERVATISM.

Even the Democratic papers are beginning to notice the great increase in crimes in this State during the past few years. And now they are wondering why the sound of the pistol is more frequent than the song of the mocking bird.

The following article is from the New Bern Journal (Democratic):

"The boasted conservatism of North Carolina has within the past few weeks taken a sudden flight, and sections of this State which had records for being quiet, for accepting the decision of judge and jury, and the regular order of the law for the punishment of the criminal have ruthlessly violated every previous tradition of conservatism they enjoyed, and taken the law from the courts and submitted its carrying out to the individual.

"The horrible affairs in this city, the assault upon a judge at Durham, the attempt by negroes to do violence to a white man at Wilmington, the cruelty perpetrated upon an insane man by his keepers at Raleigh, with death following, are the bolder violations of law and order, which are crowding the columns of the press of the country with sensational scare heads, while such incidents as hold-ups on the streets of Greensboro, come in for less notice, simply because they are less startling criminal episodes.

"Is this rage of crime due to atmospheric conditions or are the planets in conspiracy to produce these terrible happenings, which must appal every citizen?

"Whatever local or sectional conditions may at present be existing to promote the reign of crime and disorder prevailing in North Carolina, each community must be the judge to decide, but certainly the boast of conservative North Carolina has departed, and in place is the fearful record of a frightful saturnalia of crime and disorder, from which every good citizen recoils with horror, and a feeling of intense sadness for the loss of the good name, and the shame cast upon the Old North State, by these crimes committed within her borders."

Gov. Aycock and many of the Democratic papers of this State said that under Fusion rule that crime was rampant and that lawlessness walked the State like a pestilence, and every crime in the State was charged up to Fusion rule.

Now if the Fusionists were responsible for the comparatively few crimes committed in this State during their rule, are not the Democratic politicians and office-holders responsible for the great increase in crime in this State under "Democratic Good Government?"

It will be remembered that red shirts, armed with pistols, shot guns and Winchesters paraded this State in 1898 and 1900 in the cause of "white supremacy," which meant pie for the hungry office-seekers.

The voters they intimidated and kept from the polls, together with the votes stolen by some of the Democratic registrars, was sufficient to count in the Democratic ticket. Not a one of these lawless red shirts were ever prosecuted. Even when some of those registrars were arrested for stealing votes, the Democratic machine came to their rescue, appropriated the State's money for their defence and ordered the Attorney-General to appear in their behalf.

Can such acts as these breed anything but lawlessness, and can we hope for any better condition of affairs in North Carolina so long as the present regime remains in control?

The directors of the Insane Asylum at Raleigh met last Thursday and heard expert testimony from physicians as to the probable cause of the death of Thos. H. Nall. The expert testimony was that the licks on the head and body did not cause the death of the patient. They decided with the superintendent that death was caused from heart failure due to over exertion, the coroner and Dr. Taylor, of Chatham, testifying to the contrary notwithstanding.

Upon this expert testimony the solicitor agreed to release the four attendants on $1,000 bail each.

The attendants were in jail under the charge of murder, which was the verdict of the coroner's jury, and it strikes us as being strange proceedings to release these men on expert testimony without both sides being heard. Some think the attendants will not be tried for murder.

We heard the witnesses testify before the coroner's jury and the evidence was that the patient was brutally treated, even after he had been captured and tied.

The trial, if there is one, will probably be next week as the September term of Wake court will convene Monday.

THE SHERIFF OF STOKES

Sheriff R. J. Petree, of Stokes county, has set a good example for the sheriffs of other counties to follow.

A few days ago this sheriff and his deputies went into a stronghold of illicit distillers in his county and captured a blockade still and destroyed three stands of beer and two barrels of singlings. The sheriff also had warrants for three of the blockaders, and their houses were searched, but the men could not be found.

So far as we have heard, with the exception of the Sheriff of Iredell county, Sheriff Petree is the first State officer to enforce the Ward and Watts law. This is a case of a Republican sheriff in a Republican county enforcing a Democratic law, which the Democratic officials in Democratic counties have failed to enforce.

Is it possible these officers are in collusion with the blockaders? Or are they afraid of losing votes if they enforce the law? There is a bad odor somewhere.

In an address in Charlotte some days ago the Rev. Sam Jones is quoted as saying:

"If the Republican party keeps men in office," said he, "such as the man at the head of the government now, I don't care if they run it 1,000 years. (Applause.) Any party that will espouse liquor deserves to die, and the Democratic party is dead to-day. It lies in a suicide's grave."

WHERE OUR NAVY STANDS.

Some Timely Considerations, Based on Recent Statistics.

In tonnage, fourth; in battleships, fifth; in armored cruisers, seventh; in submarines, fifth; in torpedo boat destroyers, sixth. Rather a sorry show, but figures will lie. For example, the Japanese are seventh, inferior to Great Britain, France, Germany, the United States, Italy, and Russia (before the cataclysm) in number of battle-ships; and yet the Japanese, who are also well to the bottom of the list in torpedo-boats and destroyers, are able to give a very good account of themselves on the sea, and in a sea fight. And in two years the United States will have twenty-five battleships instead of twelve, and twelve great armored cruisers instead of two. —"with the Procession," Everybody's Magazine for October.

Naturally.

Patient—Well, doctor, do you think I'm getting well all right?

Doctor—Oh, yes; you still have a good deal of fever, but that doesn't trouble me.

"Of course not. If you had a fever it wouldn't trouble me."—Translated for Tales from "Le Journal Amusant."

BAILEY ROASTS THE RALEIGH TIMES.

And gets Roasted in Return—A Daniels Comes to Judgement.

If the liquor fight in Raleigh continues much longer the rank and file of the Democratic party will find out a few things about their political ringsters in this city. They will find out facts that the Republican party has known on them for some time.

The following article appeared as the leading editorial in the Biblical Recorder last week:

"Two weeks ago we cordially greeted the new management of The Raleigh Times, our afternoon paper. Our contemporary will therefore understand in what spirit and with how much disappointment we record this protest against the outrageous—nothing less—treatment that paper has more recently accorded the organized temperance forces of our city. In repeated editorials it has even placed them in the category with the lawless, even with anarchists. We do not expect the Times to be a temperance paper; but we have right to demand that it shall not bear false witness against us. We have right to expect that it will recognize the fact that the causes which the temperance people successfully forwarded to defeat the recent petition were causes well supported—by such lawyers as ex-Chief Justice Shepherd, Judge Womack, R. H. Battle, Esq., W. N. Jones, Esq., and other attorneys of high standing. Moreover, we have right to demand of the Times management, so newly introduced to our city, and so ardent to have a hand in its affairs, that they should be candid enough in the outset to say, in view of recent editorial utterances that admit of but one interpretation, whether they have set themselves up here to forward the cause of the barkeepers and the political claims of the well-marked saloon element in this city and county, or to make a paper truly representative of our city. The Times has suffered enough in the recent past from running with the broken-down bar room school of politics to convince the intelligent men now at its helm that that sort of policy will paralyze even the most energetic management. And it should."

The above editorial of Mr. Bailey's brought forth a reply from the Raleigh Times which can not be misconstrued as to its meaning.

The following is the Raleigh Times' reply:

"BAILEY-DANIELS' CHARACTERISTICS."

"The Rev. Josiah Bailey sees fit to devote a bit of very valuable space in his issue of this week to the positive misrepresentation of facts concerning the "stand" the Times has taken under the present management. It is useless to go into detail or to write an extended article in reply to the malicious, unkind and libellous article by Mr. Bailey, for readers of the Times are well aware that nothing has appeared in this paper against prohibition, and absolutely not a line in favor of whiskey or saloons. That the Times is a saloon organ, as Bailey says, is absolutely false and is hereby branded as a lie. The publisher of this paper is against whiskey in every form, and certainly Bailey has no proof to the contrary. The recent references regarding the action of the Board of Aldermen can, in no sense of the word, be taken as a slap in the face of prohibition, and it is unkind and altogether foolish for Bailey to try to make it appear so. The Times believes in fair play, and its recent references to the calling of an election were not intended as "siding" with saloons —only straight facts were given, and this shall be our course, no matter who is hit. The Times is a straight out independent Democratic newspaper. It proposes to take sides with no party or faction that is in the wrong, and it shall be conducted on straight, honest business principles.

It may be further stated that it is also false that the Times has ever been a saloon organ. The former editor, Mr. Caddell, was a rampant dispensary man and these columns were devoted to the cause of the dispensary.

The News and Observer, the always unfair and "ready-to-hop-on-somebody" paper, of course copied Bailey's article in order to heap more blows on the "little Times." Nothing better is expected of the News and Observer. That paper is nobody's friend and is edited by no less a person than a coward."

Take the case gentlemen!

GOT OFF CHEAP

He may well think, he has got off cheap, who, after having contracted constipation or indigestion, is still able to perfectly restore his health. Nothing will do this but Dr. King's New Life Pills. A quick, pleasant, and certain cure for headache, constipation, etc. 25c. at all druggists; guaranteed.

SET A GOOD EXAMPLE.

Sheriff R. J. Petree, Accompanied by Ten Deputies, Rides into a Stronghold of Blockaders and Captured a Still.

Smithtown, the stronghold of the illicit distillers, in Stokes county, was raided at daybreak last Friday morning by Sheriff R. J. Petree and ten deputies. Three stands of beer and two barrels of singlings were destroyed, while one copper still, under which fire was still burning, was dislocated and brought to Danbury by the officers. Not a single shot was fired, not the sign of a blockader was seen, the victory was bloodless. Accompanying Sheriff Petree were the following regular and special deputies: John R. Smith, of Hardbank; Dan Simmons, of Brown Mountain; J. D. Cardwell, of Danbury; W. M. Peebles, of Dillard; Frank and Will Dunlap, of Sandy Ridge and Gideon; Robert Dawson, of Dellar; Bob and Dee Slate, and one Kennedy, of Germanton.

The arrangements had been carefully planned, and but few people knew of the raid. Reaching ex-County Commissioner Joseph Martin's place about 11 o'clock p. m., the men dismounted, tethered their horses and proceeded on foot about five miles to the scattered village known as Smithtown, in which vicinity illicit stills are alleged to be conducted. Warrants were in the possession of the sheriff for Dave Nelson, Sam Williams and Oscar Sisk, and the houses of these men were searched, but the owners were absent. The officers rambled around, got lost once or twice, and it was about daybreak when they discovered a still in a hollow on a branch supposed to belong to Oscar Sisk and Dave Nelson. Fire was burning under the copper, but no sign was seen of any moonshiners. The still was captured, while three stands of beer and two barrels of singlings were destroyed.

The men, now wearied by their long march, tired, hungry, and sleepy, returned to Mr. Joseph Martin's having walked a distance of about 15 miles. Here breakfast was prepared for the crowd, and their horses were fed.

Then they returned to Danbury, bringing along the captured still, which was placed in the courthouse.

So far as the reporter has learned, with the exception of the sheriff of Iredell county, Sheriff Petree is the first State officer to execute the law in North Carolina against illicit distilling.—Danbury Reporter.

How a Great Hymn was Written.

Probably a great hymn never had a more humble origin than "Onward, Christian Soldiers," which is one of the most popular of our modern hymns. In the October Delineator Allan Sutherland writes:

"A great school festival was to be held in a Yorkshire village on Whit-Monday, 1865, and the scholars of Horbury Bridge school, over which the Rev. Sabine Baring-Gould was curate, were invited to attend. As the place of the celebration was some distance away, the minister thought it would be an excellent plan to have his scholars march to the singing of an appropriate and stirring hymn. Fortunately for our hymnology, he could find nothing in his song books suitable for such an occasion, so from sheer necessity he sat down on the Saturday evening preceding the celebration and composed this great processional hymn, little dreaming that he had produced that which would be world-wide in its usefulness and make his name a household word. Baring-Gould, a minister of the Church of England, is an authority on many subjects, and is a voluminous writer, having published nearly one hundred volumes. This suggests the poet Thomas Gray, who was also a man of vast learning, not only in literature, but in all the arts and sciences of his day, and although he left writings enough to form, with his life, a book of four volumes, edited by Edmund Gosse, it is by his one poem, "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard," that he will be ever remembered. This may also prove true of Baring-Gould. The few lines hurriedly composed on a Saturday evening as a marching song for a band of little children will doubtless give to his name greater fame than all the books he has ever written.

Suicide of Young Woman.

Statesville, Sept. 19.—Miss Sallie Johnston, a daughter of Mrs. Maggie Johnston, living near New Stirling church, in Shiloh township, committed suicide yesterday by throwing herself into the well at her home. The only reason that can be assigned for the act is ill health.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES

Some Squibs of Interest We have Gathered with our paste-pot and Shears.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES

They disfranchised enough petitioners in Raleigh to stave off the election. If folks can't vote, they should have the right of petitioning. But such is the result of that glorious amendment. And the liquor trust must not be interfered with.—Hickory Mercury.

* * *

"Now that the Czar himself has thanked President Roosevelt for aiding so greatly in bringing about peace, there will be those who will permit themselves to forget that as Colonel and later as Governor and Vice-President Mr. Roosevelt was called a fire-eater. Indeed the President has been a pleasant surprise to a considerable portion of the citizens of this country."—Winston Daily Journal (Democratic).

* * *

Rev. Sam Jones lectured at Charlotte a few days ago. Among other things, he said:

"If I wanted my dog instructed I would not let him go to a North Carolina politician; he would fill my dog with devilment and nonsense. I have respect for my dog; I would rather have a fool dog than a dog full of partisan lies."

If Sam were a resident, he would certainly be disfranchised for talking in that manner.—Raleigh Enterprise.

* * *

Notwithstanding the brutality connected with the Nall murder, the superintendent of the Insane Asylum, in whose keeping Mr. Nall was, refused to make an "investigation" as to the deed until virtually forced to do so. The policy of "covering up" has grown to an alarming extent in this State, and it may be that rascals are encouraged to do crime by the shield which they feel around them. Otherwise, it looks like no sane man would have committed the awful crime perpetrated upon Nall.—Union Republican.

Railroads Accidents.

Congressman John J. Esch, of Wisconsin, author of the bill for the compulsory installation of the Block System on railroads, has contributed an article to the October number of the American Magazine in which he gives the following statistics of railroad accidents:

During the fiscal year 1902, 303 passengers were killed and 6,089 injured; during 1903, 321 killed, 6,973 injured; during 1904, 420 killed and 7,864 injured.

For the fiscal year 1904, there were 6,436 collisions, resulting in death to 630 persons, injury to 7,083, and in a property loss of over five millions of dollars, while for the nine months ending March 31, of the fiscal year 1905, there were 4,986 collisions, 500 deaths, 5,911 injuries to person, and a property loss of almost four millions.

No Politics.

It matters little what our politics are or how we would vote, or do vote, on national affairs, we outdoor people all love the man Theodore Roosevelt because he stands with us, shoulder to shoulder, for the preservation of game and forest, and is one of us.—Dan Beard, in Recreation for September.

LIKE FINDING MONEY

Finding health is like finding money —so think those who are sick. When you have a cough, cold, sore throat, or chest irritation, better act promptly like W. C. Barber, of Sandy Level, Va. He says: "I had a terrible chest trouble, caused by smoke and coal dust on my lungs; but, after finding no relief in other remedies, I was cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds." Greatest sale of any cough or lung medicine in the world. At all druggists; 50c. and $1.00; guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

No Improvement on Nature.

Irate Patient—Here! you told me these false teeth would be just as good as natural ones, and they hurt me horribly.

Painless Dentist—Well, didn't your natural ones hurt you?—Translated for Tales from "Le Rire."

ARE YOU ENGAGED?

Engaged people should remember, that, after marriage, many quarrels can be avoided, by keeping their digestions in good condition with Electric Bitters. S. A. Brown, of Bennettesville, S. C., says: "For years, my wife suffered intensely from dyspepsia, complicated with a torpid liver, until she lost her strength and vigor, and became a mere wreck or her former self. Then she tried Electric Bitters, which helped her at once, and finally made her entirely well. She is now strong and healthy." All druggists sell and guarantees them, at 50c. a bottle.

$5,000

Reward will be paid to any person who can find one atom of opium, chloral, morphine, cocaine, ether or chloroform in any form in any of Dr. Miles' Remedies.

This reward is offered because certain unscrupulous persons make false statements about these remedies. It is understood that this reward applies only to goods purchased in the open market, which have not been tampered with in any way.

Dr. Miles' remedies cure by their soothing, nourishing, strengthening and invigorating effects upon the nervous system, and not by paralyzing and weakening the nerves as would be the case if these drugs were used.

For this reason Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are universally considered the best pain remedy

"I have suffered for 25 years with severe pains in my head, heart and back, and have tried everything I could get and could not find any relief until I got a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I suffered as long as 12 hours at a time with such severe pains that I feared I would lose my mind. The Anti-Pain Pills gave me relief in from 10 to 20 minutes. I do not have to use Morphine any more. I wish you would publish this so that other sufferers may find relief."

I. A. WALKER,
R. F. D. No. 6, Salem, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

That Isn't a Wife's Idea.

"Now, Tommie," said the teacher, "you know we have paper money and gold in this country." "Yes'm," replied Tommie. "Well, now, tell me, where do we go to exchange our paper money for gold?" "To the dentist's, ma'am."—Yonkers Statesman.

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$50 reward will be paid for any case of Eczema that is not promptly cured with Eczine. Eczine will heal any sore or cure the worst skin and make it look like velvet. Thousands cured daily. Never mind what you have tried; forget the failures made by other remedies and send for free sample of Eczine which always gives relief and permanent cure. A $1 00. bottle often cures the worst case. If your druggists does not have Eczine send direct to us. The Eczine Company, M. Kupermeier, Sales Agent, 112 Dearborn St, Chicago Ill.

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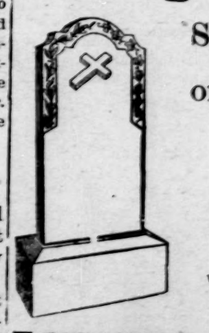

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MONUMENTS

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THE CAUCASIAN

RALEIGH, N. C. Sept. 14. 1904

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh N. C., as second-class mail matter.

The Atlantic Fire Insurance Company has been organized in Raleigh. The capital stock will be $200,000.

Dan Tate, of Hillsville, Va., was captured Monday near Mt. Airy on the charge of murdering his brother-in-law.

The tobacco farmers of Vance county held a meeting September 9th and organized for the purpose of securing a better price for their tobacco.

Goldsboro was visited by a big fire Sunday morning. Bizzell & Wooten, Goldsboro Drug Co., and Fonvielle Grocery Co. were the heaviest losers.

Mr. W. P. Hampton, of Durham county, died at the Soldiers' Home in Raleigh Tuesday. He served in the Civil War in Company E, 46th North Carolina.

The young negro, Will Adams, who was charged with murdering a negro woman and child near Raleigh, was hanged in this city Thursday. Adams went to the gallows protesting his innocence.

The farmers of Cleveland county have decided to erect three cotton warehouses at various points in the county. They will hold cotton for eleven cents and seed for twenty-five cents a bushel.—Progressive Farmer.

THE STATE FAIR

Begins Oct. the 16th and Coztinves to 21st Inclusive.

The State Fair at Raleigh will begin October 16th and continue to the 21st. On Thursday, October 19th, President Roosevelt will be in Raleigh and will make an address at the Fair Grounds. It is said that the fair will be better in every way this year than ever before.

There will be a large display of agriculture and agricultural implements as well as some of the finest stock that has ever been seen in Raleigh.

Remember the railroads have promised ample accommodation so that the majority of people who wish can come to the Fair and return home the same day.

Boy killed at Gin.

Troutmans, N. C., Sept. 19.—While playing around his father's gin yesterday, Otto Ostwalt, aged nine, was caught by a belt, hurled against a pulley and crushed to death, every bone in his body being broken.

The Dispensary Investigation.

The committee in charge of the investigation of the Raleigh dispensary have not yet completed their work. So far it has been proven that about twenty minors have bought whiskey at the dispensary and that it has been sold to several habitual drunkards. That flies and trash have been found in some of the goods. There are still other charges to be investigated.

Generosity.

Beggar—Pardon, sir, but this nickel you gave me is lead.

Benevolent Old Man—Why, so it is! Well, keep it, my man, as a reward for your honesty.—Translated for Tales from "Le Journal."

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it.

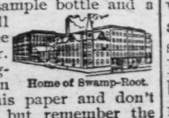
How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What To Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Wilson Grand Jury too busy to Investigate Election Frauds.

Editor Caucasian:—I see that the News and Observer is giving lots of advice to the judges and solicitors of the State, and I have been thinking he might get after his brother, C. C. Daniels, of Wilson, for not prosecuting those guilty of destroying the ballots in Old Fields township, Wilson county, N. C., at the last election.

The names of those guilty of that infamous crime are well known, and witneses stayed here for a week the first court after the election trying to get before the grand jury to give information as to those guilty of the crime, but the grand jury was so busy this important case was crowded out, and the Honorable Democratic Grand Jury could not get time to hear those witnesses. Yet the brother of the editor of the News and Observer is the solicitor of the Fourth District and this is his home town. But I suppose Josephus thinks those that destroy the returns from Republican precincts and raise riots to break up elections in those precincts are patriots instead of criminals.

Suppose this had been a Democratic precinct and Republicans had committed the crime, the News and Observer would have had headlines clear across the paper denouncing the infamy. But as it was committed by Democrats he has not yet told the readers of his paper that there was such a crime committed in the State.

Oh, it makes a lot of diffference who's ox is gored!

Some Democrats think it an honorable act to steal or destroy elections in Republican localities.

Now, Josephus, please tell us why it makes a patriot to steal elections from Republicans and criminals to steal from Democrats? I hope the Great I *Am* that sits in the editorial chair of the News and Observer will answer this question. I know he can do it to the satisfaction of all *honest* Democrats?

JNO. D. MEARES.
Wilson, N. C., Sept. 19, 1905

NO MAN IS SAGE.

A Far-Reaching, Broad-Sweeping Law Passed by the Last Legislature—Every Dengerous Man, Firm or Dog Must be Locked up.

(Charlotte Observer.)

By the time all of the acts of the last Legislature are known and enforced immigrants will be in far greater demand than they seem to be at present. Some lawyer rakes up a new and searching law every day, but the latest find that has come to The Observer oversteps anything heard of before. Here is the discovery in question: "Chapter 754 of the laws of 1905, section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or any dog or bitch known to be dangerous, to run at large."

If that law is rigidly enforced there is no telling where many supposed good citizens of Charlotte and other places will land. For instance, if a man who is known to bite, when in a rough and tumble fight, with one of his neighbors, he is liable to be set upon and arrested. He is known to be dangerous.

Again, if a citizen indulges in gouging; to illustrate, if it is his custom to stick his thumbs or fingers in his neighbor's eye, when in a fight with him, then he is liable. It could be said that he is known to be dangerous. If any firm has a kicking mule it can be put out of business, for it is known to be dangerous, and all Irishmen come under the ban.

NATIONAL TOBACCO GROWERS.

Annual Convention to be held in Owensboro, Ky. in October.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 16.—The National Tobacco Growers' Association, representing Kentucky, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina and Wisconsin, will meet in annual convention at Owensboro, Ky., October 18th, and continue three days.

The principal matters to come before the convention are the price for the 1905 crop and discussion of a uniform system of controlling and marketing the crop.

A Reunion of Otd Slaves.

An interesting reunion and dinner took place recently at the home of the late Hon. A. Leazar, near Mooresville, N. C., all the darkies who are living, that belonged to the late John Leazar, assemble every year at the home place, where a dinner is given to them and their families, and to each old servant $10 in gold. Miss Carry Leazer entertained them to-day, it being their reunion day. Three men and their mother of the old servants survive.—Union Republican.

A Happy Home

To have a happy home you must have children, as they are great happy-home-makers. If a weak woman, you can be made strong enough to bear healthy children, with little pain or discomfort to yourself, by taking

WINE OF CARDUI

A Building Tonic For Women.

It will ease away all your pain, reduce inflammation, cure leucorrhea (whites), falling womb, ovarian trouble, disordered menses, backache, headache, etc., and make childbirth natural and easy. Try it.

At every drug store in $1.00 bottles.

WRITE US A LETTER

Put aside all timidity and write us freely and frankly, in strictest confidence, telling us all your symptoms and troubles. We will send free advice (in plain, sealed envelope), how to cure them. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

"DUE TO CARDUI

and nothing else, is my baby girl, now two weeks old," writes Mrs. J. Priest, of Webster City, Iowa. "She is a fine, healthy babe and we are both doing nicely. I am still taking Cardui, and would not be without it in the house, as it is a great medicine for women."

A CIRCUS TENT COLLAPSED.

Fifteen Thousand People were Enveloped—One man killed.

Marysville, Mo., Sept. 19.—Fifteen thousand persons were enveloped in the folds of the great main tent of the Ringling Brothers' circus, which collapsed under the strain of severe wind yesterday evening. Charles Robinson, of Marysville, received injuries from which he died and hundreds of others suffered bruises and minor injuries.

Panic fololwed the collapse of the tent. It was during the middle of the performance and the crowd, intent upon what was going on in the ring, had scarcely noticed that the wind, which had been blowing a gale all day, had increased in violence. With the collapse of the menagerie tents, wild animal cages were overturned and the beasts' roars of rage and fright filled the air, carrying fear to the spectators, who expected every minute to be attacked by the animals.

Hardly a person in the main tent escaped more or less injury from the falling poles, upturned seats, or the jam that followed when the crowd was released sufficiently so that they could escape from under the tent.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twent-five cents a bottle.

ATTACKED BY A MOB.

and beaten, in a labor riot, until covered with sores, a Chicago street car conductor applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and was soon sound and well. "I use it in my family," writes G. J. Welch, of Tekonsha, Mich, "and find it perfect." Simply great for cuts and burns. Only 25c. at all druggists.

From the Knoxville Journal.

The News-Scimitar, of Memphis, devotes an entire column to discussing the subject, "What if Roosevelt Had Failed?" That is about the only way to get up anything to say against Roosevelt.

NOITCE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Haw River, July 11th 1905, 1 Keg, 7 gallons corn whiskey of Luther Carey and J. W. Sanders.

At Oakley, N. C, Jul 24, 1905, 1 bbl. Rye Whiskey of W. J. Manning.

At Oakley, N. C., July 24, 1905, 2 kegs and 2 Jugs Corn Whiskey of W. R. Panky and C. J Brown.

At Hoffman, N. C., July 24, 1905, 4 packages Corn Whiskey, 89 gallons of James Blue.

At Pocomoke, N. C. Aug, 3, 1905, 1 Jug Corn Whiskey of unknown, 2 gallons.

At Durham, N. C., June 12, 1905, 1, 32 Winchester Rifle of W. R. Barbee.

At Jamesville, N. C., Aug. 9, 1905, 1 bbl. Rye Whiskey of unknown.

At Hoffman, N. C., Aug. 11, 1905, 12 bbls. Corn Whiskey, 550 gallons of James Blue.

At Spring Hope, N. C., Aug 10, 1905. 1 bbl. Corn Whiskey, 25 gallons, 1 Keg Rye Whiskey 4 gallons of E. W Bridgers.

At Hoffman, N. C. Aug. 25, 1905, 6 bbls Corn Whiskey, 250 gallons of James Blue.

At Euree, N. C., Aug. 21, 1905, 4 packages Brandy, 43 gallons, copper still, cap and worm of A. L. Rountree.

At Princeton, N. C., Sept. 4, 1905, one mule and wagon of Robt. Webb.

At Winston, N. C, Aug. 29, 1905, 1 jug, 4 gallons Corn Whiskey of Robt. Woodluf.

At Princeton, N C., Sept. 4, 1905. 1 dark horse and buggy of Will Tyner.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. DUNCAN,
Collector.
J. P. H. ADAMS,
Deputy Collector.
Sept. 19, 1905. Raleigh, N. C.

DR. MILES' Anti-Pain Pills

Pain
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills
Cure Headache
Almost instantly, and leave no bad effects. They also relieve every other pain, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Pain, Sciatica, Backache, Stomach ache, Ague Pains, Pains from injury, Bearing-down pains, Indigestion, Dizziness, Nervousness and Sleeplessness.
Pills
All Pain is
Nerve Pain

Pain is sure to follow any strain or weakening influence upon the nerves. It may be caused by over-exertion, heat, intense mental effort, colds, indigestion, or any cause that depresses, excites or agitates the nerves. So sensitive are they that the least pressure or strain causes suffering. By soothing, strengthening and quieting the nerves, Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve the pain.

They are sold by druggists, 25c a box, under a guarantee that the first box will benefit, or money refunded. Never sold in bulk.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

WEALTHY YOUNG LADY, ATTRACtive, affectionate, worth over $25,000, and 160-acre farm, desires immediately loving husband. Address, Mrs. W., 697 Fulton St., Chicago.

Special Rates to Raleigh, N. C., via Seaboard Account of the North Carolina State Fair, October 16th-25th, '05.

The SEABOARD announce they will sell excursion tickets from all points within the State of North Carolina, including Norfolk, Portsmouth, Richmond, Petersburg, Suffolk, Franklin and intermediate points in the State of Virginia account of the State Fair, October 16th-21st, for one first class limited fare for round trip, plus fifty cents for one admission to the Fair Grounds (minimum rate including admission coupon, $1.00.)

The rates from the principal points will be as follows:

Portsmouth, Va.	$5 95
Norfolk, Va.	5.95
Suffolk, Va.	5.45
Franklin, Va.	4.95
Lewiston, N. C	4.45
Rich Square, N. C.	4.45
Richmond, Va.	5 30
Petersburg, Va.	4.70
Weldon, N. C.	3.60
Oxford, N. C.	2 40
Henderson, N. C.	1.95
Sanford, N. C.	1.85
Hamlet, N. C.	3.60
Maxton, N. C.	4 35
Lumberton, N. C.	4.35
Wilmington, N. C.	4.80
Monroe, N. C.	5.85
Charlotte, N. C.	6.15
Lincolnton, N. C.	6 90
Rutherfordton, N. C.	8.45
Hickory, N. C.	6.90
Lenoir, N. C.	7.40

For Military Companies and brass bands in uniform, twenty or more on one ticket the following rates will apply for round trip:

Portsmouth, Va.	$3.55
Warren Plains, N. C.	1.25
Henderson, N. C.	.90
Oxford, N. C.	1.20
Louisburg, N. C.	.75
Franklinton, N. C.	.55
Sanford, N. C.	.85
Maxton, N. C.	2.10
Wilmington, N. C.	2.65
Charlotte, N. C.	3 50
Shelby, N. C.	4.55

The rates for Military Companies do not include admission to the Fair Grounds. Tickets will be sold October 13th to 20th, inclusive, and for trains arriving at Raleigh forenoon of the 21st, final limit of tickets October 23rd.

The SEABORD will arrange to operate special trains from Weldon, Oxford, Louisburg, Hamlet and intermediate points to Raleigh on Wednesday and Thursday, October 18th and 19th.

For further information apply to nearest Ticket Agent, or address,

C. H. GATTIS,
Travelling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

SEABOARD
AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Short Line to principal cities of the south and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, also north and northwest, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas City

Schedule effective January 8th, 1905.

Trains leaves Raleigh as follows.

No. 50, NORTHBOUND.

1:25 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS," for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all points North, Northeast and Northwest.

No. 38.

11:00 a. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for ALL LOCAL points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Norlina to Richmond; connects at Henderson for Oxford and Weldon with A. C. L., at Portsmouth-Norfolk with ALL STEAMERS for points North and Northeast

No. 66.

11:50 a. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Connects at Richmond with C. & O. for Cincinatti, Chicago and St. Louis, at Washington with Penna, B. & O. for all points.

No. 67. SOUTHBOOND.

4:15 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" for Charlotte, Atlanta, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

No. 43,

4:00 p. m. SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL for Charlotte, Atlanta and all local points, Connects at Atlanta for all points south and southwest.

No. 43.

7:00 p. m. "SEABOARD MAIL for Southern Pines, Pinehurst Atlanta, Columbia, Charleston Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

UP-TOWN TICKET OFFICE,
'Phones 117. Raleigh N. C.
C. B. RYAN G. P. A.
Portsmouth. Va

POPULAR PRICES

Whiting Bros
RALEIGH, N. C.

RELIABLE GOODS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Shoes, Trunks, Hats and Furnishing Goods,
10 East Martin Street.
OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT. CALL AND SEE US.

REMOVAL SALE
SHOES AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF OXFORDS MUST GO BEFORE WE MOVE INTO OUR NEW STORE ABOUT SEPTEMBER 1ST.

COME AND GET AFIT.

PERRY & ROSENTHAL
RALEIGH, N. C.

Farming For PROFIT

There is nothing too good for the Farmer; there is nothing too good for the Farm. Good barns, good fences, good wells, good fences, good stock, all on good land, under good management assure good profits. The good applies throughout. It must apply throughout, or it will not apply to profits.

Nowhere is discrimination more necessary than in the selection of fences. The farm must be fenced. Hence, select the best fence, the ELLWOOD FENCE.

The Elwood is built like a bridge—braced, supported, tied; no stronger or more substantial structure possible Ellwood fences will hold your hogs, cattle, horses, and poultry. Ellwood Fence has always been popular. It answers all purposes and never disappoints.

We have Ellwood Fences for sale, and at prices that will suit you. Come and see us—we have a bargain for you

Yours Truly,

Hart-Ward Hardware Company,
RALEIGH N. C.

Three times the Value of Any Other.

One Third Easier.
One Third Faster:

The only Sewing Machine that does not fail in any point.

Rotary Motion and Ball Bearings make it the lightest running machine in the world.

Agents wanted in unoccupied territory.

Send for circulars and terms.

Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co.
Atlanta, Ga.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway

ANNOUNCES THE INAUGURATION OF THE SHOO-FLY TRAIN

Between Weldon and Raleigh

WITH CONNECTIONS FROM OXFORD, LOUISBURG AND WARRENTON, COMMENCING

MONDAY, JANUARY 9TH.

The Seaboard Airline takes great pleasure in announcing the inauguration of the Shoo-Fly train between Weldon and Raleigh, making

No. 29.		No. 30	
Leaves Weldon	6:45 a. m.	Leaves Raleigh	5:00 p. m.
Arrives Norlina	8:00 a. m.	Arrives Franklinton	6:03 p. m.
Leaves Norlina	8:20 a. m.	Arrives Henderson	6:29 p. m.
Arrives Henderson	8:53 a. m.	Arrives Norlina	6:55 p. m.
Arrives Franklinton	9:25 a. m.	Leaves Norlina	7:15 p. m.
Arrives Raleigh	10:15 a. m.	Arrives Weldon	8:30 p. m.

No. 29		No. 30.	
Lv. Oxford	7:45 am.	Lv. Henderson	9:00 am. 6:40 pm
Ar. Henderson	8:30 am.	Ar. Oxford	9:45 am. 7:25 pm.
Lv. Louisburg	8:50 am.	Lv. Franklinton	6:10 pm.
Ar. Franklinton	9:25 am.	Ar. Louisburg	6:35 pm.

The above schedules on the branch lines will in no way affect the present connections with regular No. 39 and 41.

For further information in regard to schedule apply to

C. B. RYAN, G. P. A.,
Portsmouth, Va,

C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

Why I am a Policy-Holder in the National Life Insurance Company
Montpelier, Vermont

BECAUSE:

1. It is OLD, STRONG, LIBERAL, UP-TO DATE and PROGRESSIVE.
2. It is PURELY MUTUAL—ALL of its profits are POLICY-HOLDERS.
3. It is just, for it invests its assets where it expects to do business

Because

It has nearly $200 000 invested in North Carolina securites

"Why do I work for the National Life?"

It is a GOOD COMPANY for agents; it is liberal with its agents.

Its contracts are the simplest, its applications the shortest and its policies the most liberal, easiest to explain and easiest to sell.

Do you want one of these policies or do you want to sell a policy that is worth ONE HUNDRED CENTS ON THE DOLLAR? Call on or address,

SHEETS & GUTHERIE, General Managers,
Raleigh, N. C.

DISFIGURED BY ECZEMA

Wonderful Change in a Night—In a Month Face Was Clear as Ever—Another Cure by Cuticura.

"I had eczema on the face for five months, during which time I was in the care of physicians. My face was so disfigured I could not go out, and it was going from bad to worse. A friend recommended Cuticura. The first night after I washed my face with Cuticura Soap and used Cuticura Ointment and Resolvent I changed wonderfully. From that day I was able to go out, and in a month the treatment had removed all scales and scabs, and my face was as clear as ever. (Signed) T. J. Soth, 317 Stagg Street, Brooklyn, N. Y."

Deeds are the only dependable creeds. So. 38.

IN THE LINE GASTRONOMICAL.

Hot Ice Cream a New Dainty for the Fair Sex.

"Have you heard of the new hot ice cream?" asked the woman who seems to know of all the new things almost before they come into existence.

"It sounds piquant," said her companion, dryly.

"Well, it is, and something more. It is served in one of the tea-and-chatter rooms, where you go after a shopping tour to pile all bundles on a couch and sit in a bow window and tell your companion all the things that you always thought that you would never tell to any one. There are iron lanterns, instead of electric globes, and the maids wear linen frocks and don't slam things down before you."

"And the hot ice cream?"

"I'm coming to that. It is really a frozen pudding. It is made of vanilla ice cream with boiled rice and ginger mixed with it and all frozen together. It hails from the Chinese quarter of San Francisco, and it tastes good and doesn't give one indigestion, as the cold-all-the-way-through ice cream is apt to."

"Do you know what it sounds like to me? The Frenchman's description of the Irishman's whisky punch. He said it was called 'punch,' but it ought to have been called a 'contradiction,' because he put in whisky to make it strong and water to make it weak, lemon to make it sour and sugar to make it sweet, and then he said, Here's to you!' and drank it himself!" —Montreal Herald.

The Ranchwoman.

The success of Mrs. W. N. Sherman and the beauty of her hospitable home, the famous Minnewawa ranch in California, should be an incentive to every woman to hold fast to the home instinct while winning her way in the business world. In the face of much opposition and caustic comment Mrs. Sherman, soon after leaving an eastern college, bought a large tract of unimproved land near Fresno, determined by her own efforts to develop its possibilities.

Her success is indicated by the fact that Minnewawa is valued at over five times the original investment. During the busiest season there are over 400 people at work on the ranch and in the cannery. Since discovering that by personal oversight of the packing her grapes brought from $100 to $500 more per carload than when left to the supervision of others, Mrs. Sherman very sagely concluded that a woman can be a real helper, even though she leave the care of the household to some one else. Mrs. Sherman has not confined her efforts to raisin growing alone, but has a national reputation as a stock raiser and fruit grower.—Pilgrim.

A New Field.

"Ah!" exclaimed the Senior Member of the Law Firm of Sharke & Sharke, "Things are coming our Way! Here's a brand new and wonderfully lucrative Field for Litigation opening up for Us."

"What is it?" asked the Junior Partner with great Excitement.

"Scientists have discovered that the Vermiform Appendix is a highly necessary Portion of the Human Body, after All. Now, we have only to seek out those Persons who have had their Appendices taken out on the Doctor's Representation of Superfluity and start a long Series of profitable Damage Suits."—Baltimore American.

MAYHAP 'TIS TRUE.

"I have noticed," says the Hon. Alex Appleby, "that the brightness of the child, in cases where the admirer is a man, frequently depends upon the attractiveness of the mother."—Kansas City Times.

HONEST PHYSICIAN.

Works With Himself First.

It is a mistake to assume that physicians are always skeptical as to the curative properties of anything else than drugs.

Indeed, the best doctors are those who seek to heal with as little use of drugs as possible, and by the use of correct food and drink. A physician writes from Calif. to tell how he made a well man of himself with nature's remedy:

"Before I came from Europe, where I was born," he says, "it was my custom to take coffee with milk (cafe au lait) with my morning meal, a small cup (cafe noir) after my dinner and two or three additional small cups at my club during the evening.

"In time nervous symptoms developed, with pains in the cardiac region, and accompanied by great depression of spirits, despondency—in brief, 'the blues!' I at first tried medicines, but got no relief, and at last realized that all my troubles were caused by coffee. I thereupon quit its use forthwith, substituting English Breakfast Tea.

"The tea seemed to help me at first, but in time the old distressing symptoms returned, and I quit it also, and tried to use milk for my table beverage. This I was compelled, however, to abandon speedily, for while it relieved the nervousness somewhat it brought on constipation. Then by a happy inspiration I was led to try the Postum Food Coffee. This was some months ago, and I still use it. I am no longer nervous, nor do I suffer from the pains about the heart, while my 'blues' have left me and life is bright to me once more. I know that leaving off coffee and using Postum healed me, and I make it a rule to advise my patients to use it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason.

ADMIRAL TOGO'S SHIP BLOWN UP

Nearly Six Hundred Killed and All Japan Now In Deepest Gloom

THE ADMIRAL WAS NOT ON BOARD

In Lasebo Harbor Sunday Night, the Japanese Navy Department, Announces, the Battleship Mikasa Was Destroyed by Fire Starting at the Base of the Mainmast and Subsequent Explosion of the Magazine.

Tokio, By Cable.—The Navy Department announces that the battleship Mikasa has been destroyed by fire and the explosion of her magazine, causing the loss of 599 lives, including men of other ships who went to the rescue.

The fire started from an unknown cause at midnight Sunday night, September 10. Before the officers could be rescued the fire reached the aft magazine, which exploded, blowing a hole in the port side of the vessel below the water line and causing the ship to sink.

An investigation is now being held to determine the cause of the fire.

TOGO NOT ON BOARD.

Admiral Togo was not on board the Mikasa when the disaster to the battleship occurred.

The disaster to the battleship has cast a gloom everywhere. The Mikasa was Togo's flagship and was endeared to the hearts of the people.

The ship was at anchor in Sasebo harbor when the fire started at the base of the mainmast at midnight. It spraed with great rapidity, exploding the after magazine an hour after the fire had been discovered. The Mikasa sank in shallow water, and it is believed that the ship can be repaired. Rescuing parties were sent from the various warships in the harbor and there was heavy casualties among them.

CAUSE OF FIRE NOT KNOWN.

Various conjectures are current as to the cause of the fire. Some attribute it to an overcharge of electricity.

Great relief was felt throughout Japan when it was learned that Admiral Togo was not on board the ship at the time of the fire.

The Mikasa was a first-class battle ship of 15,200 tons displacement. She was built in England and was launched in 1902. The battleship was 400 feet long, had a speed of over 18 knots and carried a crew of 935 officers and men. She was heavily armored and carried four 12-inch guns, 14 six-inch guns, twenty 12-pounders and a number of small rapid-fire guns. She had four submerged torpedo tubes.

In the battle of the Sea of Japan the Mikasa was the heaviest loser of all the Japanese ships, having 63 killed and wounded. She approached nearer to the the Russians than any other battleship.

The Mikasa was also the flagship of Admiral Togo after the great naval battle fought off Port Arthur on August 10, 1904, on which occasion the Japanese flagship also suffered the most, but continued in the fighting line. On that occasion the Mikasa had four officers and 29 men killed, six officers and 29 men severely wounded and four officers and 29 men slightly wounded.

BRYAN NOT A CANDIDATE.

Says That He Is Not Now a Candidate For Any Office.

Chicago, Special.—"I want to make my position perfectly clear; I want to say to you that not only am I not announcing a candidacy, but I am not permitting a candidacy."

In these words William Jennings Bryan administered a check to the enthusiasm which, at the Jefferson Club banquet given in Mr. Bryan's honor, greeted the speeches advocating his nomination for the third time for President.

"I am not now," said Mr. Bryan, "a candidate for any office. I have never said that I would never again be a candiate for office, but I want to say now that talk of candidacy for office does not affect me as it once did. I believe that my place in history will be determined, not by what the people are able to do for me, but by what I am able to do for the people. (Applause and cheers.) I think it is now too soon to choose a candiate for President to make the race three years from now; it is too early to pledge ourselves to any one man. I trust that before the time comes to name a man for the next presidential race light may be thrown upon our party's pathway and that a man may be chosen who will be able to do for the party more than I have yet been able to do."

Further Insurance Investigation

New York, Special.—Selling $800,000 in bonds one day and buying them back the next but one, a holiday intervening, in order to keep within statements in the New York Life Insurance Company's report to the Superintendent of Insurance, was the sensational disclosure made at the session of the executive insurance nvestigating committee. The fact was drawn from Edmund D. Randolph, treasurer of the New York Life Insurance Company, late in the day after Attorney Charles E. Hughes, of counsel to the committee had labored for over an hour to get a direct answer from Mr. Randolph to a direct question.

The inquiry had dragged through a mass of figures almost the entire day, but it was not until near the hour for ending the session that the sensational feature was brought out.

Earlier in the day Mr. Randolph had handed Mr. Hughes a schedule of syndicate underwritings and transactions of the New York life for the last ten years. This statement was to show, and a footnote to the schedule so stated, that the company had participated in no syndicate transactions that had been closed out at a loss. Among these transoctions was the underwritings of the navigation syndicate, or International Mercantile Marine.

30 Killed; 70 Wounded.

Tiflis, Caucasia, By Cable.—A hundred social democrats were killed or wounded in a conflict with Cossacks at the town hall and many were trampled to death in a subsequent panic. Two thousand social democrats had forced an entrance into the town hall, which was closed owing to the celebration of a religious holiday, the beheading of John the Baptist. Revolutionary speeches were made and the chief of police ordered the meeting to disperse. Part of those present obeyed, but the remainder refused and some revolvers were fired. A large force of Cossacks drawn up outside the building then fired a volley into the crowd time and time again, killing 30 and wounding upward of 70. In the ensuing panic many persons fell and were trampled to death by their comrades and the pursuing Cossacks.

Appointed District Attorney.

Washington, Special.—L. L. Lewis, United States district attorney for the eastern district of Virginia, has tendered his resignation to the Department of Justice and it has been accepted. Robert H. Talley, of Norfolk, has been appointed to the vacancy. Mr. Lewis is the present candidate on the Republican ticket for Governor of Virginia.

150 Union Printers Strike.

Indianapolis, Special. — Committees for union printers and for employers of Indianapolis having failed to agree on an eight-hour day to commence on January 1, the local typographical union has ordered 150 members in Indianapolis to strike at once. President James M. Lynch, of the International Typographical Union, said: "I have instructed unions in various cities to demand contracts immediately for an eight-hour day, to commence on January 1. Wherever the demand for the eight-hour day is refused the union printers have been instructed to strike at once."

Witte and Rosen Sail.

New York, Special.—The Russian commissioners who successfully concluded a treaty of peace with the envoys of Japan at Portsmouth, N. H., started on the return to St. Petersburg Tuesday, sailing on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. Before leaving the city, Mr. Witte and Baron Rosen made a farewell call upon the Japanese diplomats. Baron Komura was unable to see the Russians because of his illness, but through Minister Takahira he sent them a cordial message of farewell.

Catholic Church Not French.

Rome, By Cable. — At the present time the Catholic Church in Japan is suffering from the imputation that it is a French institution, and France being the ally of Russia, the Church comes in for a share of popular disfavor. To counteract this, it was suggested that the Pope should come forward as a sovereign and appoint a representative at Tokio, at the same time requesting the Japanese to appoint a minister to the Vatican. The suggestion was well received by His Holiness.

Two Good Swimmers Drown.

Tampa, Fla., Special.—A Tribune special from Fort Myers, Fla., says P. J. McNally and M. Douglass, white residents of Fort Denaud, were drowned while crossing the Caloosatchi river. Their boat capsized in midstream and although both men were good swimmers they could not reach the shore. Their bodies have been recovered.

$2,500,000 Dividend Declared.

New York, Special.—The directors of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company declared a scrip dividend of $2,500,000 common stock, payable to the common stockholders of the company October 2 next. The regular quarterly of 1¾ per cent. on its preferred stock and the usual semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent. on its common stock also were declared. J. N. Wallace, president of the Central Trust Company, was elected a member of the executive committee, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William E. Strong.

Don't Want Negro Redmen.

Nashville, Special.—At Tuesday's session of Great Council of Improved Order of Red Men of West Virginia, a delegation offered a resolution protesting against the organization of negro tribes of Red Men and and requesting that the ritual of the order be copyrighted.

The California delegation introduced a resolution commending President Roosevelt for the part he took in bringing about peace between Japan and Russia.

Mexican Cotton Crop Larger.

Mexico City, Special.—Last year's cotton crop was 75,000 bales. The lowest estimate for the present year is 90,000, and possibly 100,000 bales. The cotton produced in the republic is about one-third of the quantity required for native mills. The annual increase in acreage is smaller. Reports of the experiments with the cotton tree are not very satisfactory and it is not likely that cotton from this source will for a long time be had in quantities to affect the market.

TEXTILE NEWS OF INTEREST

Notes of Southern Cotton Mills and Other Manufacturing Enterprises.

Athens, Ga.

The Aberdeen Linen Mill is now in operation. For the past several months this mill has been under construction. Asbury H. Hodgson is President, W. T. Bryan is secretary and among the most prominent stockholders are J. Y. Carithers and Billups Phinizy. General Manager Tibbetts is also a leading stockholder. The looms are now being operated for the first time and some of the finished product has been turned out. The Aberdeen Mill is one of the few of its kind in the South. Its product will be entirely toweling. Nothing else will be manufactured there, and already the demand for the product of this establishment is heavy. A splendid grade of toweling will be maufactured. The new mill building is large and commodious.

The capacity of the Southern Manufacturing Company will be doubled at an early date. This has been contemplated for some time and the improvement simply awaited the completion of the Aberdeen Linen Mill. That has been accomplished and the doubling of the equipment of the Southern Manufacturing Company's plant will now be taken in hand. Another large mill building will be erected, adjoining the present plant, and the machinery for this building is already. The company has recently built a large number of operatives' houses and has others yet to be built. In the vicinity of this plant a regular little town has sprung up.

Atlanta, Ga.

William F. Harbour, of Atlanta, has invented and received letters of patent upon a cotton harvester which he feels confident will solve the cotton picking problem. According to the patent rights issued to Mr. Harbour, his machine is described as improved pneumatic cotton harvester. Mr. Harbour's cotton harvester works on the principle of pneumatic suction, and is so constructed and adjusted as to separate the lint cotton from the leaves and other foreign matter which may be gathered with it. The machine is made to be hauled across a cotton field by a pair of mules, and can be operated, it is stated, by one man and a boy. Mr. Harbour states that his machine will pick all the cotton open in a five-acre field in one day. A demonstration of these facts will prove Mr. Harbour's machine to the South what the reaper and binder is to the great grain growing sections of the west. The principle of Mr. Harbour's machine is vastly different from that of the other machines which have been constructed with the same end in view, but which have practically proven failures. The principle of other machines has been either rotating fingers or revolving stems.

Winston-Salem—The Pioneer Manufacturing Co. with $25,000 authorized and $4,950 paid in capital stock has been granted a charter. The incorporators are: L. W. Brown and Charles C. Vaughan, of Winston-Salem, and Albert M. Brown of St. Louis, Mo. Its objects are the manufacturing and sale of cotton, woolen, silk, and linen garments, and the carrying on of a tailoring establishment and a laundry.

Salisbury—It is planned to build a cotton factory of large size in connection with the development of 3,000 horse power in the Southern Yadkin river below here. The water power electric project is being furthered by the Southern Yadkin Development Co., which is composed of Philadelphia and North Carolina capitalists. Bandy & Terrell, of Greensboro, N. C., are consulting engineers.

Textile Notes.

Work is going on with a rush at the Gray Mill, at Gastonia. The one-story portion is now ready for the roof. The big electric generator has come and the machinists are now installing it. This will be something new in mill mechanics. It will be driven by a direct connected steam turbine engine making thousands of revolutions a minute. A number of busy. They are finishing some goods made by northern mills, and also cloth made in Georgia; the latter for shipment to China and South America. J. W. Lidau is agent.

The Chatham Cotton Oil Mill Company, at Pittsboro, taking advantage of the summer idleness, is overhauling its mill and making several additions to the machinery. The plant is an excellent one, built by the D. A. Tompkins Company, of Charlotte, and will be ready to start the coming season on a large scale, as soon as the cotton seed begin to come in. The prospects are for a steady run at full capacity.

Fire broke out last week in the dry house of the Minola Cotton Mills, at Gibsonville, 12 miles east of Greensboro and destroyed several thousand dollars worth of property. The mills are equipped with a splendid waterworks plant and this saved the complete destruction of the enterprise. A large quantity of cotton was ruined and the building and machinery greatly damaged before the flames could be

It is rumored that the Eldorado Cotton Mills at Millegeville, N. C., will double their capacity, which is 5,000 spindles.

FARM TOPICS

SHEEP AS SCAVENGERS.

A sheep is not a scavenger in the sense that the pig is. They will pass through a pasture or a field filled with all kinds of weeds, eating of this and that by way of variety, or as a tonic to their systems. The dandelion, which is so abundant in our pastures, is relished by sheep, and they will scarcely let any of it go to seed, so diligent are they in eating it down. Most weeds are somewhat bitter to the taste, and the liking for what is bitter seems to be a peculiarity of the sheep, which often leads it to eat plants that are poisonous if allowed to run where poisonous weeds grow. It has been stated upon pretty good authority that sheep have been poisoned by an overdose of cherry, peach and almond leaves, all of which contain prussic acid, and are poisonous when eaten in any considerable quantity.

VALUE OF A SLED.

A sled is more convenient for many uses of the farm than a wagon. Every farmer should have at least one two-horse sled capable of bearing heavy loads and about two one-horse sleds for hauling light loads. There are many forms of sleds, some very costly—all serviceable. One cheap form is made from two planks (about 2 or 3 inch) 1 foot wide and about 10 feet long for a two-horse sled, 6 feet for one-horse. Cross pieces about 6 feet long may be nailed across the top for bunks, and standards for box may be nailed on or mortised into the runners and the sled drawn by means of a chain fastened to the top of runners. The runners should be well sloped up in front and if shorter bearing is wanted may be sloped at both front and back. If soled with old wagon tires it will last a long time. All sleds should be made wide, as a narrow one is easily upset.—A. N. Horn, in The Epitomist.

USING THE SKIM MILK.

Much of the skim milk which is fed on the farm is given without much idea of its value or what it should accomplish. It is a by-product of the farm, and the main idea seems to be to feed it and get it out of the way. In our experience the best results in feeding it come from a combination of grains, except when it is fed to poultry. In this feeding several interesting experiments have been made, and the conclusion reached that the egg return is best when the grain is fed by itself. The skim milk is invariably fed in the morning about 10 o'clock, and we have had the entire flock of poultry come in from the range for their feed of skim milk.

In the winter we feed the warm mash in the morning, mixing it with a mixture of equal parts of water and skim milk; at 10 o'clock we give them skim milk in the trough, trying to dole it out so that each bird will get about a cupful; at noon we feed the whole grain in the litter in the scratching shed, and at night whole grain again, arranging it so that three or four suppers out of the seven are of whole corn heated in the oven and fed nearly hot. For swine the best results come from making a mixture of finely chopped vegetables, middlings and enough skim milk to make the mass like porridge. In the summer this is fed cold, and in the winter as warm as the swine can swallow it.—Indianapolis News.

HORSES OR OXEN.

The New Hampshire Experiment Station has been keeping an account of the cost of feeding a horse, that weighed 1200 pounds, for a year, he being kept at moderately hard work, and say that it costs $74.32. In round numbers, then, it costs $150 a year to feed a pair of such horses, and the cost of shoeing would be about $15 more, while repairs to harnesses and keeping them cleaned and oiled would make another $10. Then the ordinary farmer will not make such a pair of horses last more than ten years, and many would use them up in half that time. Say that they cost $300, which is not a fancy price, and yet does not mean a cheap pair that can not do a fair day's work. Can they do any more work on a farm than a yoke of good four-year-old oxen? Can they do any work that the oxen cannot, unless it be on mowing machine or reaper? We know that the oxen can work best in swamps or among stumps. It costs less for the yoke and chains than for a harness. They are more easily taken care of. When not at work they can feed in the pasture, and they require little grain feed, unless working very hard or being fattened, and if well cared for after three or four years at work they can be sold for beef for much more than they cost at three years old, while if the farmer raises them himself they seem to have cost him nothing.

More than one farmer who fails to make much more than a fair living at his business will find upon investigation that it costs him from $300 to $400 a year, and some of them much more than that for a horse team to do the work that his father used to do with his oxen. His father raised his calves, trained them and worked them. Sometimes he sold one or two yoke of steers, sometimes a yoke of fat oxen. When he did so it seemed almost like finding so much money, and often he put it in the bank or let it out on mortgage. Now the son has to go to the bank or raise money by giving a mortgage every few years to purchase a new team of horses.—American Cultivator.

Boers in South Africa.

At a recent meeting of the German Colonial Council, Duke Johann Albrecht advised great circumspection in admitting Boer settlers in German East Africa, as, he said, the Boers ruthlessly exterminated all game that came within range of their rifles and as farmers were still of doubtful ability.

In Norway there is a law which prohibits any person from cutting down a tree unless he plants three saplings in its place.

Tumors Conquered Without Operations

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in Cases of Mrs. Fox and Miss Adams.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by excessive menstruation accompanied by unusual pain extending from the ovaries down the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use and write Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Read these strong letters from grateful women who have been cured:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"In looking over your book I see that your medicine cures Tumor of the Uterus. I have been to a doctor and he tells me I have a tumor. I will be more than grateful if you can help me, as I do so dread an operation." —Fannie D. Fox, 7 Chestnut St., Bradford, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine.

"Eighteen months ago my monthlies stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician, and was told that I had a tumor on the uterus and would have to undergo an operation.

"I soon after read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After taking five bottles as directed, the tumor is entirely gone. I have again been examined by the physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my monthlies around once more; and I am entirely well. I shall never be without a bottle of Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the house."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Another Case of Tumor Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About three years ago I had intense pain in my stomach, with cramps and raging headaches. The doctor prescribed for me, but finding that I did not get any better he examined me and, to my surprise, declared I had a tumor in the uterus.

"I felt sure that it meant my death warrant, and was very disheartened. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, but the tumor kept growing, till the doctor said that nothing but an operation would save me. Fortunately I corresponded with my aunt in the New England States, who advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before submitting to an operation, and I at once started taking a regular treatment, finding to my great relief that my general health began to improve, and after three months I noticed that the tumor had reduced in size. I kept on taking the Compound, and in ten months it had entirely disappeared without an operation, and using no medicine but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and words fail to express how grateful I am for the good it has done me."—Miss Luella Adams, Colonnade Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and should give confidence and hope to every sick woman.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all ailing women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Greatest Trout Hatchery.

The greatest trout hatchery in the world will be located by the government on the Grand Mesa, about twenty-five miles north of Delta. The annual output of fish will not fall below 25,000,000 within a year after the hatchery is completed. These fish will be distributed all over the west.

FITS Permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The deepest gold mine in the world is at Bendigo, in Australia.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Japan is pushing the construction of railways in Korea rapidly.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

London and Liverpool are both at the level of the sea.

For Mosquito Bites

And the poisonous sting of all insects Sloan's Liniment is the great antiseptic.

The Japanese Postal Savings Banks pay interest at the rate of 5·4 per cent.

Is It Right?

Is it right for you to lose $4.20 that a dealer may make 50 cents more by selling fourteen gallons of ready-for-use paint, at $1.50 per gallon, than our agent will make by selling you eight gallons of L. & M., and six gallons of linseed oil, which make fourteen gallons of a better paint, at $1.20 per gallon? Is it right?

Sold everywhere and by Longman & Martinez, New York. Paint Makers for Fifty Years.

Coal costs most in South Africa; least in China.

At the present moment there are 194 monuments in Germany that have been completed to Prince Bismarck, while 44 others are in process of construction or are planned.

DEATH SEEMED NEAR.

How a Chicago Woman Found Help When Hope Was Fast Fading Away.

Mrs. E. T. Gould, 914 W. Lake St., Chicago, Ill., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are all that saved me from death of Bright's disease, I am sure. I had eye trouble, backache, catches when lying abed or when bending over, was languid and often dizzy and had sick headaches and bearing-down pains. The kidney secretions were too copious and frequent, and very bad in appearance. It was in 1903 that Doan's Kidney Pills helped me so quickly and cured me of these troubles, and I've been well ever since."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

THE PURSUIT OF THE PRACTICAL.

"You are not saying as much about the trust as you used to?"

"No," answered Farmer Corntossel. "There's altogether too much temptation for a man to keep chasin' octopuses when he ought to be pickin' potato bugs."—Washington Star.

Rome has seminaries representing eighty-seven orders.

FOR THE LIVER AND BOWELS
NOTHING CAN EQUAL
MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR
IT PROMPTLY CURES CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, SOUR STOMACH, AND ALL DERANGEMENTS OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS. 50 CENTS A BOTTLE AT ALL DRUG STORES.

BEST BY TEST

"I have tried all kinds of waterproof clothing and have never found anything at any price to compare with your Fish Brand for protection from all kinds of weather."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had upon application)

Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO. Boston, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED Toronto, Canada
The Sign of the Fish
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

So. 38.

DON'T tell others your troubles—tell us. We cast your HOROSCOPE, revealing important truths. Address Natural Science, Room 8, No. 80 Cortlandt Street, New York. Enclose stamp.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water